

RIGHTS OF INDIVIDUALS UNDER GDPR

WHAT A MEMBERSHIP ORGANISATION MUST DO:

FOR THE FULL DETAIL, READ ICO WEBPAGE:

RIGHT TO BE INFORMED

You must provide fair processing information. This is typically through privacy notice (in order to comply with the need for transparency).

<https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/guide-to-the-general-data-protection-regulation-gdpr/individual-rights/right-to-be-informed/>

RIGHT OF ACCESS

Individual has the right to obtain:

- Confirmation, that their data is being processed
- Access to their personal data
- Other supplementary information – this largely corresponds to the info that should be provided in a privacy notice.

<https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/guide-to-the-general-data-protection-regulation-gdpr/individual-rights/right-of-access/>

RIGHT TO RECTIFICATION

If data is inaccurate or incomplete, the individual has the right to have their data rectified. If such data were disclosed to a third party, they must be informed where possible. You must also inform the individual of the third parties to whom the data has been disclosed

<https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/guide-to-the-general-data-protection-regulation-gdpr/individual-rights/right-to-rectification/>

RIGHT TO ERASURE

Individuals have a right to have a personal data erased and to prevent processing in specific circumstances such as:

- When they withdraw their consent
- Where individual objects to the processing
- Where personal data is no longer necessary in relation to the purpose for which it was originally collected/processed, etc.

<https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/guide-to-the-general-data-protection-regulation-gdpr/individual-rights/right-to-erasure/>

RIGHT TO RESTRICT PROCESSING

Individuals have the right to “block” or suppress processing of personal data. When processing is restricted, you are permitted to store the personal data, but not further process it. You can retain just enough information about the individuals to ensure that the restriction is respected in future.

<https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/guide-to-the-general-data-protection-regulation-gdpr/individual-rights/right-to-restrict-processing/>

RIGHT TO DATA PORTABILITY

Data subject can request data from an old Controller in a readable format and move it from one provider to another. The right to data portability allows individuals to obtain and reuse their personal data for their own purposes across different services

<https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/guide-to-the-general-data-protection-regulation-gdpr/individual-rights/right-to-data-portability/>

RIGHT TO OBJECT

Individuals have the right to object to:

- Processing based on legitimate interests or the performance of a task in the public interest/exercise of official authority (including profiling)
- Direct marketing (including profiling)
- Processing for purposes of scientific/historical research and statistics

<https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/guide-to-the-general-data-protection-regulation-gdpr/individual-rights/right-to-object/>

RIGHTS IN RELATION TO AUTOMATED DECISION MAKING AND PROFILING

The GDPR provides safeguards for individuals against the risk that a potentially damaging decision is taken without human intervention. Identify whether any of your processing operations constitute automated decision making and update your procedures if necessary to comply with GDPR

<https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/guide-to-the-general-data-protection-regulation-gdpr/individual-rights/rights-related-to-automated-decision-making-including-profiling/>